1	14-2228A. Escape; jail release program; essential elements. <sup>1</sup>		
2	For you to find the defendant guilty of escape from a jail release program [as charged in		
3	Count] <sup>2</sup> , the state must prove to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt each		
4	of the following elements of the crime:		
5	1.	The defendant was committed to	(identify institution);
6	2.	The [sheriff] [jail administrator] <sup>3</sup> of	(identify institution),
7	with the appr	oval of the [board of county commissioner	ers of (name of
8	county)] [governing body of (name of municipality)] had established a		
9	release program to allow prisoners to [attend school] [or] [be employed];		
10	3.	The defendant was released from	(identify institution) to
11	(describe purpose for release);		
12	4. The defendant failed to return to confinement within the time fixed for the		
13	defendant's return;		
14	5.	The defendant's failure to return was v	willful, without sufficient justification or
15	excuse <sup>4</sup> ;		
16	6.	The defendant intended not to return with	thin the time fixed <sup>4</sup> ;
17	7.	This happened in New Mexico or	n or about the day of
18		·	
19	9 USE NOTES		
20	1.	This instruction is to be used when a	prisoner escapes from a prisoner-release
21	program established in a county or municipal jail or detention center under NMSA 1978, Section		
22	33-3-24 (1981). For escape from a community custody release program under NMSA 1978,		
23	Section 30-22-8.1 (1999), use UJI 14-2228C NMRA. For escape from a penitentiary inmate-		

## UJI - CRIMINAL UJI 14-2228A [NEW MATERIAL]

- 1 release program under NMSA 1978, Sections 33-2-43 to -47 (1969, as amended through 1980),
- 2 use UJI 14-2228B NMRA.
- 3 2. Insert the count number if more than one count is charged.
- 4 3. Use only the applicable alternatives.
- 5 4. This element is necessary to comply with *State v. Rosaire*, 1997-NMSC-034, 123
- 6 N.M. 701, 945 P.2d 66.
- 7 [Adopted by Supreme Court Order No. 22-8300-033, effective for all cases pending or filed on or
- 8 after December 31, 2022.]
- 9 **Committee commentary.** See NMSA 1978, § 30-22-8 (1963); NMSA 1978, § 33-3-24
- 10 (1981); see also NMSA 1978, §§ 33-2-43 (1969) and 33-2-44 (1971) (penitentiary inmate-release
- program provisions incorporated into Section 33-3-24); NMSA 1978, § 30-22-8.1 (1999) (escape
- from a community custody release program); UJI 14-2228B NMRA (escape from a penitentiary
- release program); UJI 14-2228C NMRA (escape from a community custody release program).
- 14 This instruction is to be used when a defendant is charged with escape from a prisoner-
- release program initiated in a jail or detention center; it is not to be used when the defendant is
- 16 charged with other types of escape from jail, § 30-22-8, escape from a penitentiary inmate-release
- program, NMSA 1978, § 33-2-46, or escape from a community custody release program, § 30-22-
- 18 8.1. See State v. Grubb, 2020-NMCA-003, ¶¶ 12-16, 455 P.3d 877 (stating UJI 14-2221 NMRA
- 19 (escape from jail) and UJI 14-2228 NMRA (escape from an inmate-release program)—withdrawn
- and replaced with UJIs 14-2228A, 14-2228B, and 14-2228C NMRA in response to Grubb—
- 21 cannot be used interchangeably); see also Grubb, 2020-NMCA-003, ¶ 16 (concluding that the
- 22 1999 version of "UJI 14-2228 was intended to be used when a prisoner escapes from a release
- program initiated in a jail rather than a penitentiary"); but see State v. Rosaire, 1997-NMSC-034,

## UJI - CRIMINAL UJI 14-2228A [NEW MATERIAL]

- 1 123 N.M. 701, 945 P.2d 66 (concluding that the 1997 version of UJI 14-2228 (escape; inmate-
- 2 release program) used in a case where a defendant was committed to a state penitentiary,
- 3 erroneously failed to require that the defendant's failure to return be willful in order to constitute
- 4 a violation of Section 33-2-46).
- 5 Unlike escape from a community custody release program under Section 30-22.8.1, escape
- 6 from a jail initiated prisoner-release program requires that the board of county commissioners or
- 7 the governing body of a municipality approved the program established by the sheriff or jail
- 8 administrator. See § 33-3-24; State v. Duhon, 2005-NMCA-120, ¶¶ 9-13, 138 N.M. 466, 122 P.3d
- 9 50 (distinguishing between a county-authorized community release program and a judicially-
- approved community custody release program); compare § 33-3-24, with § 30-22-8.1. Section 33-
- 3-24 explicitly incorporates the provisions of Section 33-2-44, which provides that the release
- program only applies to work at paid employment in a private business or in public employment
- or to attend school. See Grubb, 2020-NMCA-003, ¶ 17 (explaining that release for "furlough
- purposes" was not one of the specific purposes authorized by Section 33-2-44 and there was no
- evidence to support instructing the jury on escape from jail using UJI 14-2228 in lieu of UJI 14-
- 16 2221).
- 17 [Adopted by Supreme Court Order No. 22-8300-033, effective for all cases pending or filed on or
- 18 after December 31, 2022.]