1 **6-606. Subpoena.**

2	A. For	m; issua	nce.		
3	(1)	Every	subpoena shall[÷]		
4		(a)	state the name of the court from which it is issued;		
5		(b)	state the title of the action and action number;		
6		(c)	command each person to whom it is directed to attend a trial,		
7	interview, or hearing and give testimony or to produce designated books, documents, or tangible				
8	things in the possession, custody, or control of that person at a time and place therein specified;				
9	and				
10		(d)	be substantially in the form approved by the Supreme Court.		
11	(2)	All su	abpoenas shall issue from the court [for the court] in which the matter		
12	is pending.				
13	(3)	The ju	udge or clerk shall issue a subpoena, signed but otherwise in blank, to		
14	a party requesting	it, who sl	nall fill it in before service. The judge or clerk may issue a subpoena		
15	duces tecum to a pa	arty only i	f the subpoena duces tecum is completed by the party prior to issuance		
16	by the judge or cle	erk. Exce	pt as provided in Paragraph B of this rule, an attorney authorized to		
17	practice law in Nev	w Mexico	and who represents a party, as an officer of the court, may also issue		
18	and sign a subpoen	a on beha	alf of the court in which the case is pending.		
19	(4)	Proof	of service when necessary shall be made by filing with the clerk of		
20	the court a return s	ubstantia	lly in the form approved by the Supreme Court.		
21	B. Into	erviews. [A subpoena compelling the attendance of the witness must be signed		
22	by the judge.] A s	ubpoena	to appear to give an interview under Rule 6-504(D) NMRA will be		
23	issued only after go	ood faith	efforts to secure an interview have been unsuccessful. No subpoena to		

- appear to give an interview shall be valid unless signed by the trial judge. A witness may be
 required to attend an interview anywhere within jurisdiction of the court.
- 3 C. Service.

- 4 (1) A subpoena may be served by any person who is not a party and is not less
 5 than eighteen (18) years of age. Service of a subpoena [upon] on a person named [therein] in the
 6 subpoena shall be made by delivering a copy thereof to [such] that person and, if that person's
 7 attendance is commanded[÷]
 - (a) if the witness is to be paid from funds appropriated by the [legislature] Legislature to the administrative office of the courts for payment of state witnesses or for the payment of witnesses in indigency cases, by processing for payment to [such] the witness the fee and mileage prescribed by regulation of the administrative office of the courts;
 - (b) for all persons not described in Subparagraph (1)(a) of this paragraph, by tendering to that person the full fee for one day's expenses provided by [Subsection A of Section 10-8-4] Section 10-8-4(A) NMSA 1978 as per diem for nonsalaried public officers attending a board or committee meeting and the mileage provided by [Subsection D of Section 10-8-4] Section 10-8-4(D) NMSA 1978. The fee for per diem expenses shall not be prorated. If attendance is required for more than one (1) day, a full day's expenses shall be paid prior to commencement of each day attendance is required. When the subpoena is issued on behalf of the state or an officer or agency thereof, fees and mileage need not be tendered. Prior to or at the same time as service of any subpoena commanding production of documents and things or inspection of premises before trial, notice shall be served on each party in the manner prescribed by Rule 6-209 NMRA;

(2) Proof of service when necessary shall be made by filing with the clerk of the court a return substantially in the form approved by the Supreme Court.

D. Protection of persons subject to subpoenas.

- (1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose [upon] on the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction, which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and a reasonable [attorney's] attorney fee.
- 9 (2)

- (a) Unless specifically commanded to appear in person, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection of the premises and copying of designated books, papers, documents, or tangible things need not appear in person at the hearing or trial.
- (b) Subject to [Subparagraph (2) of Paragraph D] Subparagraph (D)(2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying may, within fourteen (14) days after service of the subpoena or before the time specified for compliance if [such] that time is less than fourteen (14) days after service, serve [upon] on all parties written objection to inspection or copying of any or all of the designated materials or of the premises. If objection is made, the party serving the subpoena shall not be entitled to inspect and copy the materials except [pursuant to] under an order of the court by which the subpoena was issued. [Such an] An order to compel production shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection and copying commanded.

(3)

1	(a)	On ti	mely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall		
2	quash or modify the subpoena if it[÷]				
3		(i)	fails to allow reasonable time for compliance,		
4		(ii)	requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter		
5	and no exception or waiver applies, or				
6		(iii)	subjects a person to undue burden.		
7	(b)	The c	court may, to protect a person subject to or affected by the		
8	subpoena, quash or modify the subpoena if a subpoena[÷]				
9		(i)	requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential		
10	research, development or commercial information,				
11		(ii)	requires disclosure of an unretained expert's opinion or		
12	information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's				
13	study made not at the request of any party, or				
14		(iii)	requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party		
15	to incur substantial expense to travel more than one hundred (100) miles to attend trial.				
16	If the party in whose behalf the subpoena is issued shows a substantial need for the				
17	testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the				
18	person to whom the subpoer	na is ad	dressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order		
19	appearance or production on	ly upor	a specified conditions.		
20	E. Duties in res	pondin	g to subpoena.		
21	(1) A per	son res	ponding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce		
22	them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond				
23	with the categories in the demand.				

- When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.
- F. Contempt. Failure by any person without adequate excuse to obey a subpoena served [upon] on that person may be deemed a contempt of the court punishable by fine or imprisonment.
- 8 [As amended, effective January 1, 1987; January 1, 1994; May 1, 1994; May 1, 2002; as amended,
- 9 by Supreme Court Order No. 07-8300-025, effective November 1, 2007; as amended by Supreme
- 10 Court Order No. 21-8300-028, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31,
- 11 <u>2021</u>.]