1	14-2821.	Aiding or abetting accessory to felony murder.1
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2	The defendant (name of defe	lefendant) may	
3	be found guilty of felony murder [as charged in Count] ² , even	though the	
4	defendant did not commit the murder if the state proves to your satisfaction beyond		
5	doubt each of the following elements:		
6	1. The defendant (name of defendant) intended the	nat another	
7	person commit the felony of (name of felony);		
8	2. Another person committed [or] [attempted] ³ the fe	elony of	
9	[under circumstances or in a manner	r dangerous	
10	to human life] ³ ;		
11	3. The defendant	(name of	
12	defendant) helped, encouraged, or caused the felony of	4	
13	(name of felony) to be committed [or attempted];		
14	4. During the [commission] [attempted commission] of the	ne felony	
15	(name of deceased) was killed;		
16	5. The defendant	(name of	
17	<i>defendant</i>) helped, encouraged, or caused ⁵ the killing to be committed;		
18	6. The defendant	(name of	
19	defendant) intended the killing to occur or knew that the defendant was helping to cre-	ate a strong	
20	probability of death or great bodily harm; and		
21	7. This happened in New Mexico on or about the	day of	
22	,·		
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1 **USE NOTES** 2 1. For use if the evidence supports liability as an aider or abettor or co-conspirator 3 regardless of whether conspiracy is charged, for felony murder. 4 2. Insert the count number to which this instruction is applicable if more than one 5 count is submitted to the jury on any theory. 6 3. Use applicable alternatives. 7 4. The essential elements of this felony or these felonies must also be given unless 8 they are otherwise covered by the instructions. To instruct on the elements of an uncharged offense, 9 UJI 14-140 NMRA must be used. 10 5. UJI 14-251 NMRA must also be used if causation is in issue. 11 [As amended, effective March 15, 1995; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 17-8300-012, 12 effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2017; as amended by Supreme 13 Court Order No. 20-8300-004, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 14 2020.] 15 Committee commentary. — See Sections 30-1-13 and 30-2-1A(2) NMSA 1978. 16 This instruction sets out the theory of liability as an aider or abettor for a felony murder. A 17 separate instruction was appropriate because the requisite intent in felony murder is different from 18 that in other crimes. See committee commentary to UJI 14-202 (felony murder). See also the committee commentary to UJI 14-2822. 19 20 This instruction is considerably different from UJI 14-2822, because under that instruction 21 the defendant must have intended the crime that was committed, and in this instruction on felony

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murder, the defendant need only intend that the underlying felony be committed. State v. Smelcer,

30 N.M. 122, 125, 228 P. 183 (1924). See also Perkins, Criminal Law 37-44 (2d ed. 1969). In

UJI-CRIMINAL UJI 14-2821

Supreme Court Approved November 1, 2020

- 1 order to make that distinction, the committee merged into this instruction the essential elements of
- 2 felony murder from UJI 14-202.