# Supreme Court Approved November 1, 2020

## 1 4-965. Order of protection, mutual, non-mutual.

Case No	Judicial District County, New Mexico	Order of Protection			[	] Amended C	Order
PROTECTE	ED PARTY ([] PETITIONER	[] RESPONDENT)	PF	ROTECTED	PARTY IDE	NTIFIERS	
First And/or on t DOB)	Middle behalf of minor family mem	Last nber(s): (list name and			of Protected ed Persons/I		
RESTRAINE	V. ED PARTY	R	ESTRAI	INED PART	Y IDENTIFIE	RS	
		<u> </u>	SEX	RACE	DOB	HT	WT
First	Middle	Last	EYES	HAIR		SECURITY :	
Relationship	o to Protected Party:		DRIVER	RS LICENSE		STATE	EXP DATE
			Distingu	iishing Featu	ures		
CAUTION:			Distingu	ishing Featu	ures		
[] Weapon I [] Credible THE COURT HE That it has jurisd opportunity to be [] Additional fin THE COURT HE [] That the abo [] That the abo [] Additional ter	Threat. Firearm Delivery Ord REBY FINDS: diction over the parties and s	dered. subject matter, and the Resucceeding pages. be restrained from committibe restrained from any conorth on succeeding pages.	strained	Party has b	peen provide	d with reasor	
[] Weapon I [] Credible THE COURT HE That it has jurisd opportunity to be [] Additional fin THE COURT HE [] That the abor [] Additional ter The terms of the term	Threat. Firearm Delivery Ord EREBY FINDS: diction over the parties and so heard. dings of this order follow on EREBY ORDERS: ve named Restrained Party ve named Restrained Party rms of this order are as set f	dered.  subject matter, and the Resucceeding pages.  be restrained from committed be restrained from any conforth on succeeding pages.  titl  f: gistration, by the courts of a U.S.C. Section 2265. Crost U.S.C. Section 2262.  but to possess or purchase A 1978, Section 30-7-16, and a succeeding pages.	strained ting furth ntact with any state sing state ammun nd may l	her acts of a h the Protecte, the Districte, territoria hition or a firm be unlawful urchase a firm	buse or thre ted Party.  ct of Columbial, or tribal borearm, include under 18 U.S.	a, <u>and</u> any U. bundaries to voling a rifle, pictory bould consult	s. Territory, and violate this order stol, or revolver, 121(a)(32). If you

[Family Violence Protection Act, NMSA 1978, Sections 40-13-1 to 40-13-8[NMSA 1978].] 1 ADDITIONAL PAGES¹ OF ORDER OF PROTECTION 2 THIS MATTER came before the court on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ 3 4 through a hearing on the [] the petitioner's [] the respondent's request for an order prohibiting 5 domestic abuse. 6 The court further **FINDS**, **CONCLUDES**, **AND ORDERS**: 7 (check only applicable paragraphs) 8 1. FINDING OF CREDIBLE THREAT 9 [] The restrained party presents a credible threat to the physical safety of the protected party 10 or a member of the protected party's household. The court's order regarding relinquishment of 11 firearms is addressed in paragraph five (5) of this order of protection. [] 12 The restrained party presents a credible threat to the physical safety of the protected party, 13 who is a household member. 14 [] The restrained party shall, within forty-eight (48) hours, deliver any firearm in the 15 restrained party's possession, care, custody, or control to a law enforcement agency, law 16 enforcement officer, or federal firearms licensee while the order of protection is in effect, and shall 17 refrain from purchasing, receiving, or possessing, or attempting to purchase, receive, or possess, 18 any firearm while the order of protection is in place. 19 [] The restrained party is responsible for ensuring that the firearm delivery receipt is filed in 20 this case within seventy-two (72) hours of entry of this order. 2. 21 NOTICE, APPEARANCES, AND STATUS 22 [] [Petitioner] The petitioner was present. 23 [] [Petitioner] The petitioner was represented by counsel.

1	[]	[Respondent] The respondent was present.
2	[]	[Respondent] The respondent was represented by counsel.
3	[]	[Respondent] The respondent was properly served with a copy of the petition, temporary
4	order	of protection prohibiting domestic abuse and order to appear. <sup>2</sup>
5	[]	[Respondent] The respondent was properly served with a copy of the petition and order to
6	appea	r. <sup>2</sup>
7	[]	[Respondent] The respondent received actual notice of the hearing and had an opportunity
8	to par	ticipate in the hearing. <sup>2</sup>
9	[]	[Petitioner] The petitioner was properly served with a copy of the counter-petition and
10	order	to appear. <sup>2</sup>
11	[]	[Petitioner] The petitioner was properly served with a copy of the temporary order of
12	protec	etion prohibiting domestic abuse and order to appear.
13	[]	[Petitioner] The petitioner received actual notice of the hearing and had an opportunity to
14	partic	ipate in the hearing. <sup>2</sup>
15	[]	The relationship of the parties is that of an "intimate partner" as defined in 18 [USC] <u>U.S.C.</u>
16	Section	on 921 (a)(32). (See $[3(B)]$ 3 below.) <sup>3</sup>
17	3.	CONSEQUENCES OF ENTRY OF ORDER OF PROTECTION
18		Violation of this order by the restrained party can have serious consequences, including:
19		A. If you violate the terms of this order, you may be charged with a misdemeanor,
20	which	is punishable by imprisonment of up to three hundred sixty-four (364) days and a fine of up
21	to one	thousand dollars [(\$1,000)] (\$1,000.00), or both. You may be found in contempt of court.
22		B. If you receive, transport, or possess a firearm or destructive device while the order
23	of pro	otection is in effect, you may be charged with a misdemeanor, which is punishable by

- imprisonment for up to [three-hundred and sixty-four] three hundred and sixty-four (364) days and a fine of up to [one-thousand] one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).
- C. If you are the spouse or former spouse of the other party, an individual who cohabitates with or has cohabitated with the other party, or if you and the other party have had a child together, federal law also prohibits you from possessing or transporting firearms or ammunition while this order is in effect. If you have a firearm or ammunition, you should immediately dispose of the firearm or ammunition. Violation of this law is a federal crime punishable by imprisonment for up to ten (10) years and a fine of up to [two hundred fifty-thousand] two hundred and fifty thousand dollars [(\$250,000)] (\$250,000.00).
- D. If you are not a citizen of the United States, violation of this order will have a negative effect on your application for residency or citizenship.

#### 4. FINDING OF DOMESTIC ABUSE

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- An act of domestic abuse was committed by [] the respondent [] the petitioner that
  necessitates an order of protection. [] [Petitioner] The petitioner [] [Respondent] The respondent
  is the protected party under this order.
- 5. FINDING THAT THE RESTRAINED PARTY PRESENTS A CREDIBLE
   THREAT TO THE PROTECTED PARTY'S PHYSICAL SAFETY, ORDER
  - [Restrained] The restrained party presents a credible threat to the physical safety of the protected party, who is a household member.
  - [Restrained] The restrained party shall deliver any firearm in the restrained party's possession, care, custody, or control to a law enforcement agency, law enforcement officer, or federal firearms licensee while the order of protection is in effect, and shall refrain from

purchasing, receiving, or possessing, or attempting to purchase, receive, or possess, any firearm
 while the order of protection is in effect.

#### 6. DOMESTIC ABUSE PROHIBITED

The restrained party shall not abuse the other party or members of the other party's household. "Abuse" means any incident by one party against the other party or another household member resulting in (1) physical harm; (2) severe emotional distress; (3) bodily injury or assault; (4) a threat by the petitioner or the respondent causing imminent fear of bodily injury to the other party or any household member; (5) criminal trespass; (6) criminal damage to property; (7) repeatedly driving by the protected party's or a household member's residence or [workplace] work place; (8) telephone harassment; (9) stalking; (10) harassment; or (11) harm or threatened harm to children in any manner set forth above.

The restrained party shall not ask or cause other persons to abuse the other party or any other household members.

#### 7. CONTACT PROHIBITIONS

The restrained party shall stay [100] one hundred (100) yards away from the other party, the other party's home, and any [workplace] work place at all times, unless at a public place, where the restrained party shall remain [25] twenty-five (25) yards away from the other party except as specifically permitted by this order.

The restrained party shall not telephone, talk to, visit, or contact the other party in any way except as follows: \_\_\_\_\_\_

22 [] The parties may contact each other by telephone regarding medical emergencies of 23 minor children;

1	1 The restrained party shall not post or cause another to post	anything about the
2	2 protected party on any form of social media, including, but not limited to,	Facebook, Twitter,
3	3 Instagram, or Snapchat. This prohibition includes posts about the protect	eted party's family
4	4 <u>members, significant other, and children.</u>	
5	5 [] Other:	
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7	7 [] The parties may attend joint counseling sessions at the counseled	or's discretion.
8	8 (Unless the court has sealed the protected party's address, include it below.)	
9	9 Protected Party	
10	10	
11	11 Home address City, State, Zip Code	
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13	13 Work Address City, State, Zip Code	
14	14	_
15	15 Tribe/Pueblo (if applicable) City, State, Zip Code	
16	16	_
17	17 <b>8. COUNSELING</b>	
18	[] [Restrained] The restrained party shall attend counseling at	·
19	19 contacting that office within five (5) days. The restrained party shall partici	pate in, attend, and
20	20 complete counseling as recommended by the named agency.	
21	[] [Protected] The protected party shall attend counseling at	
22	contacting that office within five (5) days. The protected party shall participate	pate in, attend, and
23	23 complete counseling as recommended by the named agency.	

1		[] [Restrained] The restrained party shall report to, for a []
2	drug	[and] [] alcohol screen by,(date) with the results returned to
3	this c	ourt.
4		[] [Protected] The protected party shall report to, for a [] drug [and]
5	[ ] alo	cohol screen by,(date) with the results returned to this court.
6		[ ] Other counseling requirements:
7		<del>.</del>
8	9.	CUSTODY
9	[]	The court's orders regarding the minor child(ren) are addressed in the Custody, Support
10	and I	Division of Property Attachment of this order of protection.[ <sup>3</sup> ] <sup>4</sup>
11	10.	PROVISIONS RELATING TO SUPPORT
12	[]	The court's orders regarding support issues for the parties are found in the Custody,
13	Supp	ort and Division of Property Attachment of this order of protection. <sup>4</sup>
14	11.	PROPERTY, DEBTS, AND [PAYMENTS] PAYMENT OF MONEY
15	[]	The court's orders regarding property, debts, and payment of money are found in the
16	Custo	ody, Support and Division of Property Attachment of this order of protection. <sup>4</sup>
17	12.	PARTIES SHALL NOT CAUSE VIOLATION
18		While this order of protection is in effect the protected party should refrain from any act
19	that v	would cause the restrained party to violate this order. This provision is not intended to and
20	does	not create a mutual order of protection. Under NMSA 1978, Section 40-13-6 (D)[-NMSA
21	<del>1978</del> ]	, only the restrained party can be arrested for violation of this order.
22	13.	ADDITIONAL ORDERS

1	[]	Review hearing. The parties are ordered to appear for a review hearing on the
2	day of	f, at (a.m.) (p.m.). Failure to appear may
3		result in the issuance of a bench warrant for your arrest or dismissal of this order.
4	Any p	earty ordered to attend counseling shall bring proof of counseling to the review hearing.
5	IT IS	FURTHER ORDERED <sup>5</sup> :
6		·
7	14.	NOTICE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES
8	ANY	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL USE ANY LAWFUL MEANS TO
9	ENFO	ORCE THIS ORDER.
10		(name) is ordered to surrender all keys to the residence to law
11	enforc	cement officers.
12		[] Law enforcement officers or shall be present during any
13	prope	rty exchange.
14		[] This order supersedes prior orders in County, State of
15		, Cause No to the extent that there are contradictory provisions.
16	15.	NOTICE TO PARTIES
17		This order does not serve as a divorce and does not permanently resolve child custody or
18	suppo	rt issues.
19		To make a request to extend this order, the protected party should return to the court with
20	a copy	y of this order at least three (3) weeks before this order expires.
21	16.	RECOMMENDATIONS
22	I have	:
23		[] reviewed the petition for order of protection;

1	[] reviewed the counter-petition for	order of protection;
2	[] conducted hearings on the merits	of the petition;
3	[] after notice and hearing, [I] pre	pared this order as my recommendation to the
4	district court judge regarding disposition of the	e request for order of protection. If any party
5	disagrees with the recommendations, that party	may, but is not required to, file written objections
6	and a request for hearing on those objections wi	th the district court within ten (10) days. A copy
7	of those objections and a request for hearing mu	st be served by mail on the other party.
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9	Sig	ned
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11	Titl	e
12	Cor	urt's telephone number:
13	The court has reviewed the recommendat	ons and adopts them. This order remains in effect
14	unless and until it is modified by a district court j	udge or it expires. If objections are filed the court
15	may conduct a hearing to resolve the objections.	(See Rule 1-053.1(H)(1)(a) NMRA.)[-]
16	SO ORDERED:	
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18	District Judge Date	e
19	[] A copy of this order was [] hand deliver	ed [] faxed [] mailed to []the respondent
20	[] the respondent's counsel on	$(date)^6$ .
21	[] A copy of this order was [] hand deliver	ed [] faxed [] mailed to [] the petitioner
22	[] the petitioner's counsel on	(date).
23		

1	Signed
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3	Title
4	USE NOTES
5	1. The first page of this order of protection shall be in the uniform format preceding
6	the heading for additional pages of the order.
7	2. This order may be entered only after a hearing at which the respondent received
8	actual notice and at which the respondent had an opportunity to participate if 18 U.S.C. Section
9	922 is to apply to this order.
10	3. The federal definition of "intimate partner" under the Gun Control Act, 18 U.S.C.
11	Section 921(a)(32), is narrower than the state definition of "household member" under the Family
12	Violence Protection Act, [NMSA1978] NMSA 1978, Section 40-13-2(E). Thus, while the parties
13	subject to this order must be household members as a matter of state law, the court also must
14	determine whether they are intimate partners and therefore subject to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g)(8),
15	as described in Paragraph $[2(B)]$ 2, above.
16	4. See Form 4-967 NMRA for the Custody, Support and Division of Property Order
17	attachment.
18	5. If appropriate, an order providing for restitution may be included in this paragraph.
19	6. [Respondent] The respondent or the petitioner should be served at the time this
20	order is issued, before leaving the courthouse. If a default order is issued, service [upon] on the
21	non-attending party shall be made by mail or by personal service. See NMSA 1978, Section 40-
22	13-6(A)[-NMSA 1978].

1	[Approved, effective November 1, 1999 until July 1, 2001; approved, as amended, effective May
2	1, 2001; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 07-8300-020, effective September 17, 2007; by
3	Supreme Court Order No. 08-8300-040, effective December 15, 2008; as amended by Supreme
4	Court Order No. 19-8300-009, effective for all orders issued on or after July 1, 2019; as amended
5	by Supreme Court Order No. 19-8300-015, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after
6	December 31, 2019; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 20-8300-010, effective for all cases
7	pending or filed on or after December 31, 2020.]
8	Committee commentary. — The Family Violence Protection Act provides that "a peace
9	officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into custody a person whom the peace officer has
10	probable cause to believe has violated an order" of protection entered pursuant to the Act. NMSA
11	1978, Section 40-13-6(C)[-NMSA 1978].
12	This statute would allow a warrantless misdemeanor arrest for conduct occurring outside
13	the presence of the officer and would not require exigent circumstances in addition to probable
14	cause. That a misdemeanor must occur in the presence of the arresting officer is a [long standing]
15	<u>long-standing</u> common law requirement for a warrantless misdemeanor arrest. [ $\underline{Eg}$ -] $\underline{E.g.}$ , State $v$ .
16	Luna, 1980-NMSC-009, ¶ 11, 93 N.M. 773, [777,] 606 P.2d 183, 187[-(1980)]. The "exigent
17	circumstances" requirement is mandated by the New Mexico Constitution. Campos v. State, 1994-
18	NMSC-012, ¶ 1, 117 N.M. 155, [159,] 870 P.2d 117, 121[-(1994)] ("[F]or] For a warrantless
19	arrest to be reasonable it must be based upon both probable cause and sufficient exigent
20	circumstances."). Absent the exigent circumstance that the misdemeanor is committed in the
21	presence of the officer, id.[7] ("If an officer observes the person arrested committing a felony,
22	exigency will be presumed."), the New Mexico Constitution appears to bar blanket authority to
23	make warrantless arrests for misdemeanors committed outside the presence of the officer.

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The [legislature] Legislature, of course, lacks power to provide by statute for an arrest procedure that violates the New Mexico Constitution. Campos, 1994-NMSC-012, ¶ 7 [v. State, 117 N.M. 155, 158, 870 P.2d 117, 120 (1994)]. To avoid having the Supreme Court give approval to a form containing language of questionable constitutional validity, the committee did not use the statutory language in the portion of the final order describing the power of a law enforcement officer to make a warrantless arrest for the misdemeanor crime (NMSA 1978, Section 40-13-6(D)[-NMSA 1978]), of violating the final order of protection. The committee substituted more general language, which does not prejudge the constitutional issue. The general provisions of the order of protection, including injunctive orders, "shall continue until modified or rescinded . . . or until the court approves a subsequent consent agreement. . . ." NMSA 1978, Section 40-13-6(B)[-NMSA 1978]. In contrast, "[a]n order of protection . . . involving custody or support shall be effective for a fixed period of time not to exceed six months."[-] *Id.* The custody or support "order may be extended for good cause upon motion . . . for an additional period of time not to exceed six months,"[-] id., unless "the order supersedes or alters prior orders of the court" pertaining to child custody or child support. See NMSA 1978, Section 40-13-5(C)[-NMSA 1978]. In the latter situation, "the court may enter an initial order of protection, but the portion of the order dealing with child custody or child support will then be transferred to the court that has or continues to have jurisdiction over the pending or prior custody or support action."[-] *Id*. [As amended for stylistic compliance by Supreme Court Order No. 20-8300-010, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2020.]